CANOE DOLLY VARDEN.

CONTINUED FROM EIGHTH PAGE.

at the absence of the crew and had started in search, passing him when he was lost in the windfall. The crew had passed the camp, and the guides being away from it had not heard his shouting. Both guide and Indian were rejoiced at the safety of the crew, for, said the former, "You city chaps can't stand a great many mights in the forest alone." The crew was soon under the waterproof shelter; he had changed his wet clothes, taken a strong puil at the brandy flask, after which he sat down to a supper of duck, fish and sait pork, bread, tea and canned peaches. The Dolly was soon made up for the night, the clothes-bag billow avenaged, the blankets properly disposed and the crew, thoroughly tired, turned into the cance and slept soundly.

This morning the rain has ceased, and every promise is had of a pleasant day. The descent of the river will be regularly begun to-day. At the moment of writing the Dolly is naunched and the guides are stowing away the baggage and provisions in their boat. Not less than sixty miles will be made to-day.

RECRUITING FOR THE MARINE CORPS.

Five Hundred Men Required for the Service-The Strikes-Veterans of the French War.

About a month since the Secretary of the Navy organized a recruiting service for the Marine Corps, comprising an unusually large number of officers who are now engaged in obt 'ning men to fill up that branch of the service. I haw and estimates of Congress contemplate the force to consist of 2,500 men, exclusive of non-commissioned officers and musicians, but in consequence of recruiting having been confined for a considerable length of time to Philadelphia, and, also, in consequence of discharges and other casualties, the rank and file, so to speak, has diminished con-siderably. From five hundred to six hundred men are now to be raised to bring up the force to the standard required by law and to the necessities of the service. Lieutenant Colonel Charles G. McCawley has been appointed to superintend the business, which is carried on in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts and in New York. The office in this city is at No. 89 Chatham street, and the rendezvous is in charge of Captain Henry A.

The Marine Corps stands high as a superior body of soldiers. It has distinguished itself in all the wars in which the United States has been engaged, and during the attack on the Corean forts in June last year the marines of the Asiatic fleet were specially mentioned for good conduct. Recruits who now go in enlist for five years, and will see during that time service both on sea and There is perhaps something attractive in the idea of travelling to different parts of the world and becoming acquainted with men and manners in foreign countries. Marines, during their service, perform at least one cruise, consisting of about three years; the remainder of the term is spent doing duty at the navy yards on shore. The pay is \$13 per month for the first two years, with clothing and rations. This is increased \$1 per month for each successive year's service, which gives to the soldier during his fifth year \$16 per month. In case of re-enlistment \$2 additional is paid monthly. Of course the compensation of noncommissioned officers is larger, and it may be safely stated that young, intelligent, temperate and sol-dier-like men quickly gain promotion after learning their duties. Marines are a med with breech-loaduskets, and their uniform is neat and attrac-

The principal station or head, uarters of the Marine Corps is at Washington. Parties are also scationed at the navy yards at Portsmouth, Boston, Brooklyn, Philadelphia, Noriols, Pensacola and Mare Island, California, and at the Naval Academy, at Annapolis. In addition to discharging their ordinary duties at sea and on had they have been employed during the past year to accompany the various surveying parties on the istimuses, and have on several occasions been called upon for the protection of the civil officers engaged in the execution on several occasions been called upon for the protection of the civil officers engaged in the execution of the revenue laws. The illicit distillers in Brooklyn are well acquainted with the blue coats and white pants of the marines, who as pleasantly as they could hid waste the stills and tubs that operated contrary to law. For their efficiency and they could laid waste the stills and tubs that operated contrary to law. For their efficiency and services in this behalf they have received the thanks of the Treasury Department.

ated contrary to law. For their efficiency and services in this behalf they have received the thanks of the Troasury Department.

A fair amount of success has been attained by the recruiting parties, and no doubt is entertained that in a month or six weeks the full number of men required will be enlisted. Besides the office in New York there are two open in Philadelphia, in charge of Major Thomas Y. Field; one at Scranton, Pa., in charge of Lieutenant Charles F. Williams; at Reading, Pa., Lieutenant Albert H. O'Brien; at Springfield, Mass., Lieutenant William Wallace, and at Newark, N. J., Lieutenant H. C. Cochrane. The full complement of men for the corps is 2,500, exclusive of non-commissioned officers and musicians; but at the present time the number lacking is 1,000. About two-thirds of the force is always employed on board ships-of-war, and consequently absent on foreign stations. The recruits, as enlisted, are forwarded in detachments to the nearest navy yards—those raised in New York and New Jersey to Brooklyn; in Massachusetts to Boston, and in Pennsylvania to Philadelphia.

THE STRIKES.

listed, are forwarded in detachments to the nearest navy yards—those raised in New York and New Jersey to Brooklyn; in Massachusetts to Boston, and in Pennsylvania to Philadelphia.

THE STRIESE.

It was thought that the strikes that have taken place in the great industrial centres would have had the effect of bringing a considerable number of desirable men to the rendezvous. This has not turned out to be the case. Few of the mechanical classes have presented themselves, and in towns where recruiting offices were opened with this expectation they had, after a lew days, to be closed and the recruiting parties transferred to other points. It would appear that those who voluntarily remained file received a certain degree of support from trade organizations and experienced little of the inconvenience resulting from loss of income. Colonel McCawley had calculated largely on obtaining men in Massachusetts and New Jersey in consequence of the strikes, but he has now to fall back upon the young and adventurous, to whom the life of a soldier has attractious.

EXCRUITS OBTAINED.

The recruits so far obtained are about equally composed of Americans, Irish and Germans. The qualifications required are somewhat greater than in the army. The men must not be less than five feet six inches high, unmarried, of good physical appearance, and able to speak the English language. They must be between the ages of twenty-one and forty years, and no minor is enlisted without the consent of his parents or guardians. About twenty men offer themselves daily in this city. Only a small portion are accepted, as the medical examination is strict and the officers in charge seem determined to accept only the very best men to be found. Formerly, when the English government maintained a large garrison in Canada, deserters from that service frequently presented themselves for enlistment in the army and navy of the United States and were accepted. These men, though having the benefit of good training, were found, as a general thing, to prove bad sold

A BOY FATALLY SHOT.

Who Gave Him the Loaded Pistel !-Flight of the Parties.

On the evening of the 3d inst. Thomas Logan, lad eleven years of age, who lived with his parents at 569 Greenwich street, while attempting to discharge a pistol which he thought was only loaded with a small amount of powder, was shot in the abdomen by the premature discharge of the weapon and dangerpremature discharge of the weapon and dangerously wounded. The injured boy was removed to
Believue Hospital, and subsequently died from the
effects of his injuries. Deputy Coroner Marsis made
a post-mortem examination on the body, and found
a bullet in the cavity of the abdomen, the pistol
shot wound, in his opinion, having caused death.
It is now alleged by the relatives of the deceased
that William Gray, a boy then living at No. 26 Bedford street, had given Thomas the pistol, knowing
that it was loaded with powder and ball, from the
fact that his (William's) mether had loaded the pistol herself. It is fartiher alleged that on the day following the shooting, the Gray family hurriedly
left the city, without intending to return, and their
present abiding place is now unknown to those
most destrous of knowing.

Coroner Young, who has the case in charge, will
institute an investigation, and, if possible, ascertain what amount of truth there is in the allegations of the deceased boy's Irlends.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Gold Premium and the Gold Pool.

The Newest Phase of the Speculation in the Gold Room.

A HEAVY EXPORT OF SPECIE.

Active Movement in the Railroad Bonds and Advance in Prices.

Where Shall Capital Find a Satisfactory Investment?

Another Large Decrease in Erie Railway Earnings.

Money Easy, Governments Up and Southern Securities Dull.

A QUIET DAY IN STOCKS

The Comic Features of the Moneyed Drama.

The Way "Uncle Daniel" Drew "Tumbled to It."

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, July 12—6 P. M. } On 'Change to-day wheat was firm and flour steady, with a fair business in both. The cotton market was quiet, with a firm undertone.

MONEY 8 A 4 PER CENT. Money was easy and as before quoted—viz., 3 a 4 per cent on call, with a good deal doing at 3 a 8% paper was quoted 5 a 7 per cent discount. Foreign exchange was steady on the basis of 109% for prime bankers' sixty-day sterling, and 110% a 110% for "POUND NOTES."

Owing to the number of travellers outward bound for Europe, who prefer Bank of England money to the usual drafts and bills of exchange, which give the bearer more security, but put him to convenience on account of the necessity of being identified and the like, there is at present a readily at five dollars (gold), when the pound may be bought at four dollars and ninety cents (gold), by bill of exchange, or, at a premium of two per

GOVERNMENTS STRONG. The upward turn in turn was followed proportionately by the government list and prices strengthened to the extent of nearly 1/4 per cent. Thus the 67's which sold early in the day at 115 were not to be had late in the afternoon at less than 115%. The improvement did not attend much increase in the amount of business, the market being quiet and closing steady as follows:-United States currency sixes, 114% a 115; do. do., 1881, registered, 115% a 115%; do. do., coupon, 117% a 117%; do. five-twentles, registered, May and November, 115 a 115%; do. do., 1862, coupon, do., 115 a 115%; do. do., 1864, do. do., 115 a 115½; do. do., 1865, do. do., 115½ a 115¾; do. do., 1867, registered, January and July, 114% a 114%; do. do., 1865, coupon, do., 113% a 114; do., do., 1867, do. do., 115% a 115%; do., do., 1868, do. do., 114% a 115; do., ten-forties, registered, 111% a 111%; do. do., coupon, 112% a 112%; do., fives, 1881, registered, 113% a 113%; do. do. do., coupon,

13% a 113%. The Southern State bonds were dull and to some extent irregular. The Tennesses were firm, the North Carolinas heavy and the general list steady. The new South Carolinas were weak and declined another one-half per cent, but closed with a firmer tone. The old bonds were strong and advanced to 56%. The following were the closing quotatered stock, old, 36 a 42; do., sixes, consolidated bonds, 51 a 52; do., sixes, deferred scrip, 15 a 17; Georgia sixes, 72 a 80; do., sevens, 86 a 88; North Carolina, ex coupon, 33 a 34; do. to North Carolina Railroad, 40 a 47; do. funding, 1866, 26 a 30; do. do., 1868, 23 a 25; do. new, 21 a 24; do. special tax, 15 a 16; Missouri sixes, 94% a 95; do. Hanibal and St. Joseph, 91% a 92; Louisiana sixes, 50 a 60; do., new, 43 a 55; do. levee sixes, 60 a 65; do. do. eights, 70 a 80; do. do. eights, 1875, 80 a 85; Carolina sixes, 56 a 60; do., new, January and July, 28½ a 29; do. do.; April and October, 26 a 27; Arkansas sixes, funded, 54 a 56.

RAILROAD EARNINGS. The carnings of the Eric Railway for the first week in July show a decrease of \$39,490. The official re-

First week in July		\$353,451 4,789,772
April 1 to July 7 Decrease for week Increase thirteen weeks		. 43,490 . 550,462
The earnings of the Central I	Pacific Rail	road com-
pare as follows:-		
For the month of June, 1872		
For the month of June, 1871		
For the month of June, 1870		
Increase this year over 1871		
Increase this year over 1870		
Earnings first six months, 1872		
Earnings first six mouths, 1871		
Earnings first six months, 1870		. 3,427,366
Increase this year over 1871		. 1,547,601
Increase this year over 1870	*********	2,165,117

THE RAILROAD BONDS. The prevalence of low rates on call continues to divert capital into railway bonds, the market for which was unusually strong to-day, with a larger business and an inquiry for nearly everything on the list, transactions being limited simply because of the scarcity of bonds, which are held with remarkable firmness and reluctantly parted with by their owners. The chief feature of the day was a sale of a New York Central six per cent bond of 1883 at 96%, which price continued to be bid for more, with none offered, and is peculiarly noteworthy, as the bonds in question are not secured by the usual mortgage. An

ACTIVE TRADE was done in the "C. C. and I. C." seconds, which advanced to 80. On the free list appeared for the first time (since reorganization) the first and second mortgages of the Atlantic and Great Western Rallway, but no quo tations were made. The condition is officially re. ported as follows:-First mortgage bonds, \$18. 000,000; second do., \$12,000,000; third do., \$29,000, 000. Total bonds, \$59,000,000. Capital stock, \$59,000,000. Bond and stocks \$109,000,000. The gross receipts of the company for the year ending June 30, 1871, amounted to \$4,667,139. The following were the bids at the regular call of the rations

	bonds:	The second secon
	New York Cen 6's, '83 96%	Han & St Jo 1 g
	New York Cen 6's, 1887. 95	Han & St Jo. con 93
	New York Cen 6's, sub. 90	Del, Lack & W 1st m 100
	New York Cen 6's, sub 93	Tol & Wab 1st m .ex 99%
	New York Cen 7's, 76 100	Tol & W 1st m, St L div. 91
9	New York C7's, con, '76,100	Tol & Wab cons con 91%
	New York Cen 7's, '65-76, 100	Han & Naples 1st m 91
	Erie 7's, 2d m, '79 102% Erie 7's, 6th m, '80 96	Gt West 1st m . '88 9834 Gt West 1sl m . 1893 91
	Erie 7's, 4th m, '80 96	Gt West 2d m, 1893 91
	Erie 7's, 5th m, 38 9214 Long Dock bonds 945	Gal & Chic extended 100
	Long Dock bonds 94%	Chie , R I & Pacine 1027
	Butt, N Y & E 18t m. 77. 90%	MOT & PASSEX 18t III 107
	Hud Riv 7's, 2dm, sf, '85, 10332 Hud R 7's, 3d m, '75102	Morris & Essex 2d m100%
	Hud R 7's, 3d m, '75102	N J Cen 1st m, new107
	Harlem 7's, 1st m 10114	New Jersey Cent, 2d m. 100%
ì	Alb & Sus 1st bds 98	N J Southern 7's, 1st m. 78
	Alb & Sus 2d bds 95%	Pitts, F W & Chie 1st m. 105%
	Alb & Sus 3d bds 96	Pitts, F W & Chie 2d m. 9912
d	Mich Cen 8's, 1st m, 1882.115	Pitts, FWAC Spc eqtbds. luis
	Chic.Bur &Q.Spc.1st m.115	Clev & Pitts con st 95%
	Mich 80 7 n c 24 m 0042	Ciev & Pitta 2d m 10012

A decrease of 2,600,000 tranes in the weekly bull lion report of the Bank of France, succeeding so closely a decrease of over £500,000 in the specie of the Bank of England, has drawn attention afresh to the specie movement in Europe, especially as these indications point to a drain of coin from England and France into Germany. Heretofore the transfer of money from France to Germany has been mostly a nominal thing, bills of exchange being sent and the money itself being allowed to lie on deposit and draw interest in London. Lately, however, Germany, by the creation of a thousand various corporations, such as banking, commercial and manufacturing companies, has gradually made a place at home for THE FRENCH INDEMNITY,

and a steady drain of money from England and France is therefore among the contingencies of the immediate future. . At least such is a very plausible Interpretation given the facts already stated concerning the loss of bullion in the two banks. It was a contemplation of this matter, in conjunction with a further large increase in the amount of the prospective specie shipments to-morrow, that gave the gold market a sudden upward turn this afternoon and advanced the price of gold from 113% to 114%, involving a pretty brisk business at an average of 114. Very naturally

THE GOLD POOL got the credit of helping the rise, and, for all that s known to the contrary, the inference is as correct as any knowledge can be on such subjects among persons outside the limits of the combination. The operations of the pool are represented as being conducted on a gigantic scale, so much so as to alarm the Treasury Department, whose officials were said to be in town to-day endeavoring to get at the secrets of the conspiracy. Last Monday the clique were thought to have commenced definite operations, but now they are reported to be waiting the

of one of their most conspicuous leaders, his arrival being expected at any moment. The delay of the clique has provoked a great deal of annoyance i the Gold Room, the "outsiders" having bought in and sold out again a dozen times since they heard of the organization of the pool, whose history date back several months. The Sub-Treasury paid out \$614,000 on account of interest and \$12,000 on account of redeemed five-twenties. The engagements of specie for export to-morrow foot up \$2,560,000, of which amount only \$260,000 is silver. GOLD PLUCTUATIONS.

The course of the market during the day is shown

ı	in the lonowing table:—
١	10 A. M 118% 1:80 P. M 114
1	11 A. M 113% 2 P. M 1143
1	12 M 113% 3 P. M 114
ı	12:30 P. M 114 4 P. M 114 a 114%
ı	1 P.M 113%
	In the gold loan market the rates ranged from 2 to
	4 per cent for carrying. The operations of the Gold

Exchange Bank were as follows:-
 Gold cleared.
 \$27,323,000

 Gold balances.
 2,257,375

 Currency balances.
 2,572,494
 STOCKS DULL AND STEADY. The stock market was dull but displayed rather more animation as compared with its immediately previous record, the dealings being distributed also over a greater portion of the active list. The

widest fluctuation was in Erie, and that was less than one and a half per cent, the early speculation in the stock being rather stronger on the buyers' side and inducing a rise to 54%. But the London market broke down quite suddenly about noon, doubtless on cable advices of the large decrease in earnings above noted, and ours followed it, Erie going off to 53%, rallying toward the close The only other variation of interest was in Pacific Mail, which advanced to 75%, but left off with a quarter per cent reaction.

A GOOD STORY is told of Daniel Drew and his favorite Wabash, which he owns to the extent of a majority of the capital stock, and holds with a view to a consolidation of the road with his newest pet, the Canada Southern. Wishing to save a little interest by having the stock carried, he was selling "puts" at 76 per cent for sixty days, and selling the stock itself at 75 per cent. The "boys" bought the "puts" greedily, and then bid 74% for the stock in the open "put" the stock at 76 to Mr. Drew's brokers, mak. ng twelve dollars and a half on every hundred shares that they managed to get hold of at their

A SURE TRING and contenting themselves with making a good deal of money from day to day, in place of sitting on the stock and waiting for a fortune before the "puts" expired. The thing ran along swimmingly for a little while, and the knowing ones were quietly making hay while the sun shone, until, as the boys say, Uncle Daniel "tumbled to it," and stopped the fun and profit by bidding the market up to 75%, at the same time limiting the dura tion of the contracts to thirty days, "They couldn't play that little geem on him more than once, anyhow." The fluctuations in the general list were about as narrow as well could be, and would hardly exceed an average of one-quarter of one per cent, that in Rock Island being nothing.

"NIL." as they say in the English and foreign market reports. Indeed, the duiness is almost intolerable, and must result in something desperate ere long. It wouldn't be surprising to learn at any moment that Commodore Vanderbilt had a recurrence of his periodical fit of apoplexy or had been thrown from his wagon in Harlem lane. Late in the day Canton was pretty active at 99 a 99% a 98%, on a report that the Baltimore and Ohio and other rallroad companies, at a conference held to-day, had concluded negotiations for the "water front," or some other valuable right so long vendable. The despatch was received by the agent of a Wall street news bureau.

HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES. The following table shows the highest and lowest

prices of the principal stocks during the da	y:
Highest.	Lowes
New York Central 98%	98
Erie 54%	533
Lake Shore 93%	933
Wabash 75%	763
Northwestern	733
Rock Island11134	1113
St. Paul 54	583
St. Paul preferred 78	78
Ohio and Mississippi 45%	453
Boston, Hartford and Erle 81%	73
Union Pacific 3736	875
C., C. and I. C 35	343
Western Union Telegraph 75%	753
Pacific Mail 75%	74)
THE DRY GOODS IMPORTS	

at this port for the week ending July 11, 1872, amount to \$1,723,559. The amount marketed during the week was \$1,069,464.

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE. Friday, July 12-10 A. M .- Before Call.

1:00 do 543 1100 C & N W RR. 733, 200 do 543 100 C & N W RR. 733, 250 do 543 100 do 53 783, 2400 do 543 100 Ohio & Miss RR. 6 453, 200 do 55 54 200 do 65 54 200 do 65 54 500 do 543 100 C,C & I C ER. 53 843, 200 do 543 500 do 55 54 500 do 55 54 500 do 55 54 500 do 55 55 500 do	for prompt delivery, and ITc. for future. Bags, 14) c. a. 15c. for light to heavy. HEMF AND JUTE.—The market remained dull and nominal for all descriptions of hemp. There was little or no inquiry. Manila quoted at 12c. gold. Jute was quiet but steady at 15c. a 5½c. soid. Jute buts were in moderate demand, with sales reported of 500 bales at 25c. a. 5c. currency. HAY AND STRAW.—Transactions in this market have
First Board-10:30 A. M.	only been moderate and at unchanged prices. Quoted
\$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{000}\$ \text{ Crite & R I RR. } \text{111} \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	at \$1 is a \$1 20 for shipping hay, \$1 40 a \$100 for retail qualities, \$56. a \$1 for sait, \$80. a \$00. or clover, \$1 10 a \$1 15 for long rye straw, \$30. a \$00. for short do., 700. a 750. for out, and \$00. a \$60. for wheat. Hors.—The market since our last has been quiet and steady. There is very kille desirable stock on hand, and it is held with considerable confidence. Marais.—The market for copper remained very quiet; Lake quoted at \$50. a \$350., with small, unimportant sales. The was also quiet, but without reported change in prices; we learn of sales of 1,000 boxes charcoat in for August delivery on private terms; Straits quoted at \$50., gold, for prompt delivery, with small sales at those \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ures. Spetter was dult; queted nominally at \$50. a \$\frac{1}{2}\$ or for prompt delivery, with small sales at those \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ures. Spetter was dult; queted nominally at \$50. a \$\frac{1}{2}\$ of the metals were dult and without essential change in prices. Motassa.—The market remained dult, and, with the

1000 C & RI & PTs ... 15 NYC&H RR. 15 N Y C & H RR. 983 132 Od C Miss. b c 734 500 do b c 953 100 Obio & Miss. b c 453 100 Un Pac RR. b c 3132 100 C, C & I C RR. b c 3132 50:00 do. 12:00 US 5-20, r, '67.... 12:30 P. M.-Before Call. 100 shs Pac M SS Co. b3 74% 900 shs Eric RR. 534 100 do. 53 540 do 100 do... 500 Quick M Co... 100 N Y C & H R R R... 1000 Erie RR... 200 do... 1000 do... and Board-1 P. M. 21½ 200 shs Pac M 88 Co...3 75½ 100 N Y C & H R.b.c.b3 9½ 86 100 Go... 95½ 75½ 900 Eric RR...bc.b3 5½ 75½ 100 do... 553 1256 100 N Y C & H R. b c. b.3 954, 210 0 do 955, 210 Adams Ex Co..... Am Mer U Exp.... U S Ex Co....bc.b3 Pac MSS Co..... ..b c.b3

CTOSTNO PRICES A OUTLOW P W

 	a o onoom at mi
7532 a 7534 98 a 9834 5336 a 54 9336 a 9336 3735 a 3732 7336 a 7332	Rock Island 11114 a 11114 bt Paul. 54 a 5414 st Paul pref 78 a 7814 Wabash. 7514 a 7515 a 657 bt Paul pref 78 a 7614 wabash. 7514 a 7515 a 657 bt Paul pref 78 a 7514 bt Paul Pref 78 a

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

Cotton Irregular and Closed Weak-Receipts at the Ports, 325 Bales-Flour and Wheat Unchanged-Corn Steady-Oats Firmer-Pork Firmer-Lard Weak-Coffee Dull-Spirits Turpentine Easier-Metals Quiet-Whiskey Firmer.

FRIDAY, July 12—6 P. M.
Ashes.—Receipts since our last, 136 packages. The market remained quiet and unchanged. Pots quoted at \$7.75
a \$8.25.

BUILDING MATERIALS -Bricks have arrived therally during the past week; but, under a fair demand, prices have exhibited no change. We quote:—Cargoes paie, \$4 a \$5; Jersey, \$7 a \$7 50; North River, \$7 a \$9 75; Croton, \$12 a \$16; Philadelphia front, from yard, \$40 a Croton, \$12 a \$16; Philadelphia front, from yard, \$40 a \$45. Lime—The market remained dull. There is very little stock on hand, but more than sufficient for the requirements of the trade. Quoted at \$1 25 for Rockland common and \$1 75 for do, lump. Cement continued steady, but more or less nominal; quoted at \$1 60 for Rosendale. Laths have been in good demand and the market firm. There were large sales at \$2 25 for Eastern spruce.

CANDLES.—The market was very quiet, but prices were unchanged. We quote:—Sperm, \$1c. a 32c.; patent do., 42c. a 45c.; stearing, 25c. a 29c.; paraffine, 27c. a 29c.; adamantine, 14c. a 184c., according to weight.

Corress.—The market still remained dult for all descriptions, but prices showed no change. We amex current quotations as follows:—Rio-Ordinary cargees, 164c. a 17c.; fair do., 175c. a 18c.; good do., 184c. a 185c.; prime, lic. a 194c., gold, per lb., 60 days; Maracatho, 165c. a 18c.; Laguayra, 185c. 185c. St. Domingo (in bond), and the state of \$10 c. a 18 c. a 18

To-day. Last Ene'g. Total.

The quotations are based on cooking the grade not more than half a grade above or below the grade quotets.

Flour Ayn Grain.—Reccipts—Flour, 5,036 bbis.; wheat 22,000 bushels; corn, 18,700 do.; corn meal, 533 bbis. and 270 bags; oats, 34,550 bushels. The flour market was quiet, but prices were without decided change. There was some little demand for shipping extras, which were held firm. The sales of a portion last evening foot up about 13,000 bbis, including 1,000 bbis, extra State for shipment at \$6.50. Corn meal was quiet and without reported change in prices. We quote:

\$3.25 a \$4.50.

\$5.00 a 5.50.

Superfine State.

\$6.00 a 6.50.

\$6.00 a 6.50.

	DAITA SIALCONTO CONTROL OF THE CONTR	u
н	Choice State 6	đ
	Superfine Western	н
П		N
		0
	Extra Minnesota 7	0
21	Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands 6	H
	Round noop Onio, shipping brands 0	ä
И	Round hoop Ohio, trade brands 7	U
п	Family 8	0
84		ŏ
н	St. Louis IOW CALL	×
а	St. Louis straight extra 7	ď
ч	St. Louis choice double extra 9	0
я	St. Louis choice family 9	Š
н		ä
а	Rye flour, 3	9
а	Southern No. 2 3	7
п	Southern superfine 5	ũ
		ă
		ě
к	Southern family 9	ŋ
и	Corn meal, Western 3	9
а		ã
а		9
н	Corn meal, Brandywine 4	u
а	Baltimore 4	0
э	Caloric 3	ĕ
э		9
П	Puncheons 18	o
п	-Wheat was dull, but with limited offerings pri	lc
ш	The state of the s	50

Calorie.

Whent was dull, but with limited offerings prices were sustained. The sales were about 4.00 bushe ha 43 5.25; a \$1.23 for No. 2 Milwaukee spring, 41.35 a \$1.55 for small lots red winter. \$1.43 for interior Chicago spring, \$1.63 a \$1.65 for sample of the control of t

exception of a limited jobbing trade, nothing transpired

casks; crade while; 70c. a 72c; matural winter 60., 78c; crude sperms, \$1.40; bleached 60., \$1.53 a \$1.55 crude cover tonseed, 50c. a 50c.; Menhaden, \$25c. a 42c. for choice light.

Permoleum.—On "Change to-day the market for refined was dull and weak, but not quotably changed—quoted for September or reminder of month at \$2c. Crude in July was quiet but steady at 12c., and 16c. in shipping order. On the control of the cont

c. a 18c. Llow continued in fall request and steady. Sales, 10 lbs, at 8½c. a 9c. for common to good outside and for prime city. Le. for prime city.

WHISKEY.—Receipts, 332 bbls. The market was again true, with sales of 250 bbls. at \$25%. for wood and 33c. for

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Galveston, July 12, 1872, Cotton nominal: middlings, 205c. Sales, 259 bales. Stock, 635. Weekly—Netreceipts, 2. Exports—To Great Britain, 82; coastwise, 136, Sales, 265. Cotton nominal; middlings, 225,c. Net receipts, 9 sales; gross, 98. Sales, 3:0. Stock, 18,014. Weekly—Ne cocipts, 25: gross, 535. Exports—To Great Britain, 2,643 onatwise, 570. Sales, 1,000. Constwise, 570. Sales, 1,000. Monter, July 12, 1872.

Octon firm: middlings, 22c. Not receipts, 27 bales, Exports constwise, 603. Sales, 75. Stock, 1,437. Weekly-Net receipts, 77. Exports constwise, 634. Sales, 52. Cotton quiet; holders firm; middlings, 25c. Not re ceipts, 10 bales. Exports coastwise, 29t. Sales, 30. Stock 72t. Weekly-Not receipts, 335. Exports—To Great Britain, 263; coastwise, 832. Sales, 70. Cotton dull; middlings, 23½0. Net receipts, 123 bales gross, 293. Sales, 30. Stock, 7,030. Weekly—Net receipts 516; gross, 778. Exports coastwise, 667. Sales, 100.

Tobacco unchanged; sales 106 hhds. Tobacco unchanged; sales 106 lbds.

Flour steady; sales 1,900 lbbls, at \$7.75 for No. 1 spring \$9 for amber winter, \$9.50 for white winter and \$9.75 for double extra. Wheat steady; sales 0 6,300 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee club at \$1.47.5 (or double extra. Wheat steady; sales 0 6,300 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee club at \$1.47.5 (or meal, \$1.50 for bolted and \$1.40 for unboited, peet, Millieed unchanged; shorts, \$16; shipstuffs, \$18 middlings, \$20 per ton. Highwines, 9ic. Canai freight firm; wheat 8c, corn. 75c. to New York; lumber, \$4 the Hudson, \$5 to New York Railroad freights—Flour Decision \$30, to New York &c. Albany \$30. Receipts b lake—10,200 bushels corn. \$64,000 feet lumber. Shipment per canai—4,000 bushels wheat, 1,47,000 feet lumber.

Burrato, N. Y., July 12, 1872.

Lake imports—Flour, 2,400 bbls.; corn, 102,211 bushels outs, 20,155 do. Canal suppments—Wheat, 15,255 do. corn, 88,519 do.; oats, 68,129 do. Railroad shipments by elevator—Wheat, 10,220 bushels: corn, 29,946 do.; oats, 28,700 do. Canal freights—Wheat, 125,6; corn, 115,6; oats, 7. Four quiet; western spring \$7.25 a 7.00; baker's, \$7.56 a \$8; amber, \$8.25 a \$4.75; white, \$8.75 a \$2.5, Wheat inactive and nominal; No. 2 Milwaukee spring quoted at \$1.38 a \$1.40; No. 2 Obleago spring, \$1.37 a \$1.30; white Canada, \$1.60 a \$1.65; red winter, \$1.50 a \$1.00. Corn lower and active; sales 42,600 bushels No. 2 at 50c. \$5,000 do. A, 149c. 8,000 do. Oho at 505c. \$5,000 do. No. 1 at 51c. Cartey man active; sales 42,600 bushels No. 2 Western at 37c. Barley mail unchanged.

Flour quiet and

Flour quiet and unchanged.

Flour quiet and unchanged; some demand for low grades; sales superfine grain at 34. Wheat firm and m fair demand, but frequiar; No. 2 spring, \$1 25% a \$1 25%; No. 1 spring, \$1 26 a \$1 25%; No. 3 spring, \$1 25 a \$1 25%; No. 3 spring, \$1 26 a \$1 25%; No. 3 spring, \$1 25 a \$1 25%; demand and advanced; No. 2 at 205gc, a 205gc, cash 225gc, August, Rye in fair demand and advanced; No. 1 and No. 2 at 505gc, a 50gc, cash steadyd, No. 2 fall, 53g. Whiskey active an higher, at 575g a 88g. Pork excited and price bigher under an active demand from shorts, soid up to \$14 20 cash, closed \$14 bid, no sellers; \$13 70 a \$13 7 or August; \$13 offered for September, \$12 80 bid. Lardfrm; sales, summer, 73gc. Hams in pickle higher at 115go, a 12g., winter cured. 93gc.; summer, 105gc. Bull meats strong; shoulders, Sc. a 55gc.; clear rib, 55gc. a 7 Bacon firm and unchanged. Sugar cured hams, can vassed, sold at 125gc. a 144gc. Cattle dull and drooping prime to choice shipping. \$5 76 a \$5 15. Live hogs firm a \$3 90 a \$4 25. Freights dull; ourn to Buffalo, Sc. Recepts—5,000 bbls. flour, 14,000 bushels wheat, 20,000 do. corn, 22,000 do. oats, 22,000 bols, even 1,200 cattle, 5,000 hogs.

COTTON RECEIPTS.

Total net receipts of cotton since September 1.

Galveston New Orleans Mobile Savannah Charleston Wilmington	173,611	Baltimore	46,890
	936,825	Philadelphia	30,173
	285,517	Boston	44,259
	453,767	New York	125,436
	270,798	Providence	9,159
	38,811	City Point	23,638
Norfolk. Grand total	251,501		2,690,285

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARRET.—LONDON, July 12—5 P. M.—Consols closed at 22% for money, and 22% for the account. United States five-twenty bonds, 1827s, 913; 1867's, 92%. Paris Bourss.—Paris July 12—P. M.—Hentes closed at 54, 28c.
Liverpool Cotton Marret.—Liverpool, July 12—5 P. M.—The cotton market closed strong. Middling uplands, 10%d; middling orleans, 11%d, a Higd. The sales of the day have been 12,000 bales, including 3,000 for speculation and export. The shipments of cotton from Hombay to the 12th inst., since the last report, have been 7,000 bales, including 5,000 for exportand 4,009 on speculation. The stock import is 522,000 bales, of which 328,000 are American. The receipts of the week have been 2,000 bales, including 1,000 American; accurate parts 5,000 bales, including 30,000 for exportand 4,000 to export and 4,000 bales, including 30,000 for exportand 4,000 to export and 4,000 bales, including 30,000 for exportand 4,000 to export and 4,000 bales, including 30,000 for exportand 4,000 to export and 4,000 bales, including 30,000 for exportand 4,000 to export and 4,000 bales, including 30,000 for exportand 4,000 to export and 4,000 bales, including 30,000 for exportand 4,000 to export and 4,000 for exportand 4,000 to export and 4,000 for exportand 5,000 bales, including 30,000 for exportand 4,000 for exportand 4,000 for exportand 4,000 for exportand 5,000 bales, including 30,000 for exportand 4,000 for e

11,000 American.

sea, bound to this port, is 229,000 bales, including 59,000 American.

Trans in Manchester.—Liverpool, July 12—P. M.—The market for varns and fabrics at Manchester is dull, but not quotably lower.

Liverpool Birradstrups Market.—Liverpool, July 12—P. M.—The market is firmer. The receipts of wheat for the past three days have been 53,000 quarters, including 37,000 American. Corn. 25s. 6d. per quarter. Peas, 53s. 6d. per quarter for Canadian. The weather throughout England to-day is wet and uniavorable to the growing crops.

England to-day is wet and uniavorable to the growing crops.

Liverpool. Provisions Marret.—Liverpool. July 12—
5 P. M.—Bacon—25s. £d. per cwt. for Cumberland cut, and 31s. £d. per cwt. for short rib middles. Cheese—33s. £d. per cwt. for the best grades of American fine.

Liverpool. Proprice Marret.—Liverpool., July 12—
5 P. M.—Linseed cit, £36 per ton. Common rosin, 7s. 3d. a 5 P. M. - Linseed Cit. Law Pt. - London, July 12—Evening. Spirits turpentine opened at 36s. a 35s. 6d., and closed at
36s. per cwt. Linseed oil, £36 a £36 (bs. per ton.
Petroleum Marker. - Anyware, July 12.—Petroleum, 45f.
per bill. for fine pale American.

FINANCIAL.

A TLANTIC SAVINGS BANK.
CHATHAM SQUARE AND NEW BOWERY,
NEW YORK.
DIVIDEND.—Interest at the rate of six per cent per annum will bepayable on and after July 120 WILL RECEIVE INTEREST AS FROM THE 1ST.
HARRISON HALL, President.
J. P. Cooper, Secretary.
C. D. Bailey, Treasurer.

K NICKERBOCKER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY or New York (established 1787), office 64 Wail street, New York, July 2, 1872.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this day the usual semi-annual dividend of five per cent was delared; also an extra dividend of five per cent. Boll free of government tax, and payable on and after July 15, 1872. The transfer books will be closed from this date unit the 15th inst.

J. L. TOWNSEND, Secretary. The transier books will be closed from this date until the 15th inst.

J. L. TOWNSEND, Secretary.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' SAVINGS INSTITUtion, No. 283 Bowery, near Houston street.

Interest—The trustees have declared a semi-annual
dividend at the rate of six per cent per annum on all
sums entitled thereto for the six months and three
months ending June 30, payable on and after the third
Monday in July. Interest not withdrawn will be credited
as principal. Deposits made on or before July 20 draw
hards from July 1. Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.,
and on Mondays and Wednesdays from 10 to 7.

ALFRED T. CONKLIN, President.

HENRY C. FISHER, Secretary.

New YORK STATE SIX PER CENT GOLD LOAN
due 1857; a limited amount for sale.

GWYNNE & DAY, 16 Wall street.

THE COURTS. The Sappho Habeas Corpus Case-Sappho to Remain with Her Parents-Business of the General Sessions-Decisions.

> Before Judge Smith. In re George David Brown.-This case, which, as will be remembered, was a writ of habeas corpus to obtain possession of Katharine Florence Euis, the petite Thespian, better known by her Grecian stage name of Sappho, she being in the custody of her parents, came up yesterday again for hearing. Mr. Brown claims to have made a contract with the parents of the girl to fulfil certain theatrical engagements, and to have exclusive control of her during this period. She, however, left his care, went and lived with her parents, who made ongagements for her in concert saloons, and to rescue her from this degrading life and obtain possession of her the writ of habeas corpus was resorted to. The young girl was in court, and certainly a very pretty and nunocent-looking girl she is. Her parents were also present and a sister. Messrs. Abe H. Hummell and William H. Peckham opposed the writ, while Mr. William H. O'Dwyer appeared for Mr. Brown. Mr. Hummell insisted that the proceedings were irregular, no traverse having been made to the return. The case, he urged, was one in which the proper mode for legal redress was an action in a civil suit against the father of the girl. Mr. O'Dwyer eloquently contended that the contract in question was binding; that Mr. Browa what willing to fulfil strictly his part of it, and that his chief object, aside from this, was to shield the young girl from the terrible temptations at present surrounding her. The Court, for the reasons advanced by Mr. Hummell, dismissed the writ. during this period. She, however, left his care,

SUPREME COURT-CHAMBERS.

The Potite Thespian Sappho to Remais

SUPERIOR COURT-SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Freedman.
The East New York and Jamaica Railroad Company vs. James H. Eimore.—Motion denied with \$10 costs.
Margaret J. Nesbit vs. The Eric Railway Company. Order granted.
R. Young vs. William S. Sneden, et al.—Reference granted.
Matilda S. Fannitz et al. vs. Parmella L. Wilte.—

Case granted.
Peter C. Murphy vs. William J. Sharp.—Default taken. Jacob Stopenhout vs. Julius Wolff.—Case granted. James M. Tuthillet al vs. Andrew Simpson.—Order denying motion.

COMMON PLEAS-SPECIAL TERM. Decisions. By Judge Van Brunt. Lieron vs. Bleecker.—Reference or

> COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS. Before Recorder Hackett.

Robbery. Shortly after the opening of the Court yesterday Frank Duffy and Bernard Lynes, who were convicted during the week of assaulting Andrew Gon-

ratez and taking from his person \$5. were brought up for sentence. Mr. Mott, who was assigned to delend the prisoners, spoke in their behalf, and the Recorder modified the sentence to imprisonment in the State Prison for five years. Felonious Assault. John Collins, who was charged with stabbing

Patrick Brannigan in the back with a knife on the 22d of June, pleaded guilty to an assault with a dangerous weapon, with intent to do bodily harm. He was sent to the Sing Sing Prison for five years. Grand Larceny. James McQuade and John Connors, indicted for stealing \$35 in French coins from Herbert A. Per-

sick, residing at 251 North Second street, Brooklyn, E. D., on the 15th of June, at pier 50 East River, pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny. Abraham Barm tendered a similar plea, the allegation being that on the Lith of June he stole a trunk centaining \$200 from Leopold Adler.

These prisoners were each sent to the State Prison for two years and six months. Burglary.

John Dougherty pleaded guilty to an attempt at that on the 19th of May he entered the bakery of William B. Howe, 301 West Seventeenth street, and stole \$4 in money. Two years in the State Prison was the sentence. burglary in the third degree, the indictment stating

Forgery. Clifford B. Fulton was charged with presenting at the National Shoe and Leather Bank for pay ment on the 1st of June a check for \$6,500 in favor

ment on the 1st of June a check for \$6,000 in favor of J. D. Sparkman & Co., purporting to have been signed by G. M. Chapman, but which was found to be a forgery. A plea of forgery in the fourth degree was accepted, and, as there were extennating circumstances, the Court sentenced the youth to the State Prison for eighteen months. Minor Larcenies.

stealing pieces of lawn and handkerchiefs, valued at \$27, on the 22d of June, the property of G. & J. Thalhelmer, 195 Church street, pleaded guilty to petty larceny.

George Williams gave a like plea, the charge

John McCarty and William Gleason, charged with

against him being that on the 16th of June he stole a silver watch from August Cabelle.

John Mullen pleaded to petty larceny also, the charge being that on the 16th of June he was impli-cated in the illegal pawning of two gold watches belonging to Dennis F. Cusack.

These prisoners were each sent to the Peniten-tiary for six months.

Suspension of Judgment.

John Martin, Sr., and John Martin, Jr., pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny, the indictment charging them with having stolen a gold locket and chain, worth \$50, the property of Mr. Dwyer. The testimony showed that the theft was committed by the little boy, who afterward gave the property to his father—a very old man. His Honor suspended judgment, cautioning the prisoners never to violate the law again.

An Acquittal. The only case disposed of by the jury was an indictment for larceny preferred against Michael Maher by William Mack, who, on the 29th of June, had \$75 stolen from him when asleep. The circumstances against the accused were strong, but the stances against the accused were strong, out the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty.

Thus far the Recorder has disposed of 100 prisoners during the few days the Court has been in session, which is an unbaually large number. It is probable that His Honor will be enabled to finish the business of the term early in the coming week.

the Remains of Mrs. Nelson Row and Her Son-Verdict of the Jury-Death of Darius Williamson, Another of the Victims.

The inquisition in the cases of Mrs. Nelson Row and her son, Franklin, who died from injuries sustained on the Southside Railroad, was brought to a termination between one and two o'clock yesterday morning in Justice Elliott's court, Williamsburg. All the essential testimony in the case has been published in the HERALD. The following is

THE VERDICT.
We find that the said Frank and Kate Row came to their deaths at No. 53 Devoe street, in the city of Brooklyn, on the 5th and 6th days of July, respectively, from injuries received on train No. 15 of the Southside Railroad of Long Island, while the said train was standing on the track of said railroad at or near Hibbard's station, on the afternoon of the 4th day of July instant; and that said injuries were caused by a collision between trains Nos. 15 and 16 of said railroad, at or near said station; and that said collision was caused by John Raithbone, who was conductor, and James Scott, who was engineer of said train No. 16, of which they were in charge and control, starting from the Bushwick depot after the proper time and in culpable violation of the printed rules, regulations and time tables of said railroad, of which they were employés; and we further find that the junction of the single and double tracks, where the collision occurred, is, in our opinion, injudiciously located, being near a curve and on a steep grade. We also find that, in our opinion, no steam railroad should be operated on a single track, and that all stations or stopping places should be connected by telegraph.

ARREST OF CONDUCTOR RATHBONE AND ENGINEER SCOTT.

When the above verdict was rendered Coroner Southside Railroad of Long Island, while the said

when the above verdict was rendered Coroner whitehill placed Conductor Rathbone and Engineer Scott under arrest, and Captain Woglom took them into custody and locked them up in the Fourth street station house, During the foremon they were admitted to ball by the District Attorney.

were admitted to bail by the District Attorney.

DEATH OF DARHUS WILLIAMSON.

Mr. Darius Williamson, who was injured by the same collision, and a portion of whose right foot was amputated, died at his residence, 77 South First street, Williamsburg, at ten o'clock yesterday forenoon. His daughter, whose right foot was also amputated, is in a fair way of recovery.

GWYNNE & DAY, 16 Wall street.

\$12.000 WANTED-ON BOTTOMRY AND RELetcken, of 437 tons registor, Captain L. E. Post, for any
port in Europe. Proposals will be received until noon of
the 15th inst, addressed to the master, care of JAMES 2.

WARD & CO., 113 Wall stream

THE SOUTHSIDE RAILROAD DISASTER.

onclusion of the Coroner's Inquest Over